



## WASH in Schools Country Profile INDONESIA

### A. Enabling Policy Environment for WASH in Schools

- In 1976, the government approved the National School Health Policy for all schools under 4 different Ministries: Ministries of Health, Education, Religious and Home Affairs with the aim of meeting the target of quality education and health for all children. The UKS program is covering not only WASH but Sanitation in Schools including environmental health, nutrition in schools, and regular health monitoring (dental and immunization). The government's school Sanitation target is to reach 100% of schools (by 2014). The Ministry of Education is the lead agency in the daily implementation of the UKS program.
- Several agencies are supporting the revision of UKS (Usaha Kesehatan Sekolah) such as UNICEF as well as AusAID and WHO to be able to advocate for revitalization of this program.
- Other Ministries such as Public Works, Environment are supporting the UKS program.
- In the context of the decentralization, the 4 Ministries advocated to the local government to implement the UKS program in all schools.
- AusAID, Dubai Cares Foundation, USAID and World Bank are currently the major donor for Sanitation in Schools.
- UNICEF, WHO, Care, Save the Children, Plan International, IRD, Indonesian Toilets Association, Indonesian private sector (The Sosro, Coca Cola, Unilever) and Indonesian Universities are partners for Sanitation in Schools.

### B. Quality and Coverage of WASH in Schools Programming

- For the last 6 years, UNICEF WASH unit has supported the development of the National Guideline for School Sanitation including resource materials to promote hygiene education and designs of the Water and sanitation facilities in schools as well as participatory guidelines on school based management related to School Sanitation.
- UNICEF invested as well on capacity building of the national and local governments to implement school sanitation and to replicate this program using government funds to reach the target of 2014.
- UNICEF and other key partners under the line ministry are advocating emphasising the importance of School Sanitation to reach not only the students and teachers but the communities, as part of the National target for Sanitation. As an example, School sanitation program will be represented as a key component during the National Conference on Sanitation.
- In several locations, UNICEF succeeded to advocate the local government to allocate their proper funds to implement WASH in Schools.
- According to a recent Ministry of Health data only up to 12% of children aged between 5 and 14 years old wash their hands with soap after defecating, 14% wash their hands with soap before eating and 35% wash their hands with soap after eating.
- The MDG Report for Indonesia (2008) shows the following:
  - The proportion of pupils starting Grade One who complete Primary School is of 74.1%
  - The proportion of people using an improved drinking water source is of 57.2%
  - The proportion of people using an improved sanitation facility (urban and rural) is of 69.3%

### C. Highlights and Main Challenges for WASH in Schools

- The main challenge is the inexistence of a nation wise data base on School Sanitation. It is highly impossible to gather specific data of the WASH in school coverage except the in the locations where UNICEF and other International NGO's are working.
- The sustainability of school WASH facilities is also a challenge with limited resources and capacity for school operation and maintenance, particularly rural schools.
- By law, 20 % of the national budget is allocated to Education sector but is not explain to the national and local government that this budget could be used for School Sanitation. As Indonesia becomes a Middle Income Country, the main challenge is to advocate the government to use their proper budget for School sanitation.

### D. Reference Materials

Following WASH in Schools documents are attached.



1	National Plan of Action/National Strategy Documents	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No
2	Technical Manuals for WASH in Schools	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No
3	Hygiene Promotion Guidelines and Materials	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes	<input type="radio"/> No
4	Evidence Base for WASH in Schools	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No

#### WASH related data

- From RISKESDAS 2010:
- 50.25 % access to improved water source in urban area
- 54.59% access to improved water in rural area
- 65.86 % access to improved sanitation in urban area
- 35.30 % access to improved sanitation in rural area

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